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unharvested, as determined by an appraisal.

§1479.114 Calculation of acreage for crop losses other than prevented planted.

- (a) Acreage shall be calculated using the number of acres shown to have been planted to a crop.
- (b) In cases where there is a repeat crop or a multiple planted crop in more than one planting period, or if there is multiple cropped acreage meeting criteria established in paragraph (c) or (d) of this section, each of these crops may be considered separate crops for 2003, 2004, or 2005 CDP if the county committee determines that all of the following conditions are met:
- (1) Both the initial and subsequent planted crops were planted with the intent to harvest;
- (2) Both the initial and subsequent planted crops were planted within the normal planting period for that crop;
- (3) Both the initial and subsequent planted crops meet all other eligibility provisions of this part including good farming practices; and
- (4) Each planting could reach maturity if each planting was harvested or would have been harvested.
- (c) In cases where there is multiplecropped acreage, each crop may be eligible for disaster assistance separately if both of the following conditions are met:
- (1) The specific crops are approved by the State Committee as eligible multiple-cropping practices in accordance with procedures approved by the Deputy Administrator; and
- (2) The farm containing the multiplecropped acreage has a history of successful multiple cropping based on timely filed crop acreage reports.
- (d) Producers with multiple-cropped acreage not meeting the criteria in paragraph (c) of this section may be eligible for disaster assistance on more than one crop if the producer has verifiable records establishing a history of carrying out a successful multiple-cropping practice on the specific crops for which assistance is requested. All required records acceptable to CCC as determined by the Deputy Administrator must be provided before payments are issued.

- (e) Producers with multiple-cropped acreage not meeting the criteria in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section must select the crop for which assistance will be requested. If more than one producer has an interest in the multiple cropped acreage, all producers must agree to the crop designated for payment by the end of the application period or no payment will be approved for any crop on the multiple-cropped acreage.
- (f) Benefits under this part shall apply to irrigated crops where the acreage was affected by a lack of water or contamination by saltwater intrusion of an irrigation supply resulting from drought conditions.

§ 1479.115 Calculation of prevented planted acreage.

- (a) When determining losses under this part, prevented-planted acreage will be considered separately from planted acreage of the same crop.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, for insured crops, disaster payments under this part for prevented-planted acreage shall not be made unless RMA documentation indicates that the eligible producer received a prevented planting payment under the RMA-administered program.
- (c) For insured crops, disaster payments under this part for prevented-planted acreage will be made available for the following crops for which prevented planting coverage was not available and for which the county committee will make an eligibility determination according to paragraph (d) of this section: peppers; sweet corn (fresh market); tomatoes (fresh market); tomatoes (fresh market); tomatoes (processing).
- (d) The producer must prove, to the satisfaction of the county committee, an intent to plant the crop and that such crop could not be planted because of an eligible disaster. The county committee must be able to determine the producer was prevented from planting the crop by an eligible disaster that:
- (1) Prevented other producers from planting on acreage with similar characteristics in the surrounding area; and
- (2) Occurred after the previous planting period for the crop.